- 1 **demigro** (1) to migrate, depart.
- 2 saepio, -ire, saepsi, saeptum, to hedge in, fence in, enclose; protect. praesidium, -i *n*. protection, defense; aid; guard, garrison. alia = *alia loca*. obicio, -ere, -ieci, -iectum, to throw against, throw in the way of, oppose, hold before as a defense. videbantur: recall the passive meaning of *video* (to seem).
- 3 **pons, pontis** *m*. bridge. **sublicius, -a, -um**, resting on wooden piles. **iter, itineris** *n*. way; journey, march; passage. **ni** *conj*. if not, unless.
- 4 **munimentum**, -i *n*. defense; fortification. **urbs**, **urbis** *f*. city. **qui**: a connecting relative. **pono**, -ere, **posui**, **positum**, to place, position.
- 5 statio, -ionis f. standing; position, station; post, outpost, watch, guard; roadstead. captum = captum esse from capio, -ere, cepi, captum, to capture, seize. An infinitive in indirect speech dependent on vidisset. Ianiculum is the subject accusative. repentino adv. suddenly, unexpectedly. impetus, -us m. attack, assault. Ianiculum, -i n. hill of Rome on the right bank of the Tiber. inde adv. from there; thereupon. cito (1) to excite, rouse; summon, cite.
- 6 decurro, -ere, -(cu)curri, -cursum, to run, hasten, sail, fly, or march down. hostis, -is m. enemy. Here another subject accusative in indirect speech dependent on vidisset. trepidus, -a, -um, agitated, alarmed. turba, -ae f. tumult, disturbance; crowd, throng; multitude, band, mob. arma, -orum n.pl. arms, weapons. ordo, -inis m. series; line, rank, order; array.
- 7 relinquo, -ere, -liqui, -lictum, to leave, abandon. Another infinitive in indirect speech dependent on *vidisset* with *turbam* as subject accusative. reprehenso (1) to hold back. singuli, -ae, -a, one each; single; one by one. obsisto, -ere, -stiti, to stand in the way, resist. obtestor, -ari, -atus sum, to call to witness; implore, conjure. deum = deorum. A common contraction.
- 8 **fides, -ei** *f*. faith, confidence, belief. **testor, -ari, -atus sum**, to witness; make known; make a will. **nequiquam** *adv*. in vain. **deserto, -ere, -ui, -ertum**, to desert, abandon. **eos** = subject accusative in indirect speech dependent on *testabatur*. **fugio,-ere, fugi, fugitum**, to flee. **transitus, -us** *m*. way across, passage. **ponte**: ablative of route or means.
- 9 tergum, -i *n*. back, rear. plus, pluris *n*. more. Palatium, Capitolium, hills of Rome on the left bank of the Tiber.
- 10 fore = *futurum esse*. moneo, -ere, -ui, -itum, to admonish, exhort; warn. praedico, -ere, -dixi, -dictum, to say in advance, predict; prearrange, order beforehand. quicumque, quaecumque, quodcumque, whosoever, whatsoever.
- 11 interrumpo, -ere, -ere, -rupi, -ruptum, to make a break in; break off.
- 12 obsisto, -ere, -stiti, -stitum, to place oneself in the way, block. excipio, -ere, -cepti, -ceptum, to catch, capture; await, receive. vado, -ere, vadi, vasum, to go. aditus, -us *m*. approach, access. insignis, -e, distinguished, remarkable. conspectus, -a, -um, visible, seen. Read with *terga*. cedo, -ere, cessi, cessum, to go, yield. pugna: an ablative of separation. obversus, -a, -um, turned toward. Read with *armis* (an ablative absolute). comminus *adv*. hand to hand, at close quarters.
- 14 obstupefacio, -ere, -feci, -factum, to astonish.
- 15 pudor, -oris *m*. (sense of) shame, honor. genus, -eris *n*. birth, descent, family. factum, -i *n*. feat, deed.
- 16 procella, -ae *f*. tempest; onset. tumultuosus, -a, -um, confused, disturbed.
- 17 **parumper** *adv*. for a little while. **exiguus, -a, -um**, small, scanty.
- 18 rescindo, -ere, -scidi, -scissum, to tear open; break down. in tutum = in safety. cogo, -ere, coegi, coactum, to force, compel. The subject is Cocles.
- 19 trux, trucis, fierce, savage. minaciter, menancingly. proceres, -um *m.pl.* chiefs, leaders, nobles. provoco (1) to call forth; challenge.
- 20 increpo (1) to upbraid, reproach. servitia, -orum *n.pl.* slaves.
- 21 immemoris, -e, unmindful, forgetful. alienam = alienam libertatem. oppugno (1) to attack. cunctor, -ari, -atus sum, to delay, hesitate. aliquamdiu adv. for a while.
- 22 alius alium . . . circumspectant: "each one looking at the other". *Alius* repeated in another case (or with an adverb from the same stem) expresses briefly a double statement.
- 23 acies, -ei f. sharp edge, point; battle line. undique adv. from all sides. telum, -i n. missle.
- 24 obicio, -ere, -ieci, -iectum, to throw against, oppose. scutum, -i *n*. shield. haereo, -ere, haesi, haesum, to stick to, cling. obstinatus, -a, -um, persistent, stubborn. ingens, -entis, huge. Read with *gradu*.
- 25 obtineo, -ere, -ui, -tentum, to hold fast, occupy. detrudo, -ere, -trusi, -trusum, to drive away, dislodge.

- 26 **fragor, -oris** *m*. crash, noise. **rumpo, -ere, rupi, ruptum**, to break. **clamor, -oris** *n*. shout, acclamation. **alacritas, -atis** *f*. quickness, eagerness, liveliness, cheerfulness.
- 27 pavor, -oris *m*. fear, dread. subitus, -a, -um, sudden. sustineo, -ere, -ui, -tentum, to hold up, sustain, hold back, check.
- 28 precor, -ari, -atus sum, to beseech, pray. propitius, -a, -um, favorable, gracious.
- 29 desilio, -ere, -ui, to leap down. superincindo, -ere, -i, to fall from above.
- 30 incolumis, -e, safe, unharmed. trano (1) to swim across. audeo, -ere, ausus sum, to dare. A semideponent. famae: partitive genitive. ad posteros: "with posterity".
- 31 fides, -ei f. faith, loyalty; credence. gratus, -a, -um, pleasing. erga + acc. towards, in relation to. statua, -ae f. statue. comitium, -i n. place of assembly.
- 32 circumaro (1) to plow around. studium, -i *n*. zeal, eagerness. emineo, -ere, -ui, to project, be conspicuous. inopia, -ae *f*. want, poverty.
- 33 **unusquisque, unaquaeque, unumquodque**, each one, every one. **fraudo** (1) to deceive, cheat, defraud. **victus, -us** *m*. means of living, food, victuals.