demigro (1) to migrate, depart.

saepio, -ire, saepsi, saemptum, to hedge in, fence in, enclose; protect. praesidium, -i n. protection, defense; aid; guard, garrison. alia = alia loca. obicio, -ere, -ici, -iectum, to throw against, throw in the way of, oppose, hold before as a defense. videbantur: recall the passive meaning of video (to seem).

pons, pontis m. bridge. subilicius, -a, -um, resting on wooden piles. iter, itineris n. way; journey, march; passage. ni conj. if not, unless.

munimentum, -i n. defense; fortification. urbs, urbis f. city. qui: a connecting relative. pono, -ere, posui, positum, to place, position.

statio, -ionis f. standing; position, station; post, outpost, watch, guard; roadstead. captum = captum esse from capio, -ere, cepi, captum, to capture, seize. An infinitive in indirect speech dependent on vidisset. Ianiculum is the subject accusative. repentina adv. suddenly, unexpectedly. impetus, -us m. attack, assault. Ianiculum, -i n. hill of Rome on the right bank of the Tiber. inde adv. from there; thereupon. cito (1) to excite, rouse; summon, cite.

decurro, -ere, -(cu)curri, -cursum, to run, hasten, sail, fly, or march down. hostis, -is m. enemy. Here another subject accusative in indirect speech dependent on vidisset. trepidus, -a, -um, agitated, alarmed. turba, -ae f. tumult, disturbance; crowd, throng; multitude, band, mob. arma, -orum n.pl. arms, weapons.ordo, -inis m. series; line, rank, order; array.

relinquo, -ere, -liqui, -lictum, to leave, abandon. Another infinitive in indirect speech dependent on vidisset with turbam as subject accusative. reprehendo (1) to hold back. singuli, -ae, -a, one each; single; one by one. obsisto, -ere, -stiti, to stand in the way, resist. obtestor, -ari, -atus sum, to call to witness; implore, conjure. deum = deorium. A common contraction.
fides, -ei f. faith, confidence, belief. testor, -ari, -atus sum, to witness; make known; make a will. nequiquam adv. in vain. deserto, -ere, -ui, -ertum, to desert, abandon. eos = subject accusative in indirect speech dependent on testabatur. fugio, -ere, fugi, fugitum, to flee. transitus, -us m. way across, passage. ponte: ablative of route or means.

tergum, -i n. back, rear. plus, pluris n. more. Palatium, Capitolium, hills of Rome on the left bank of the Tiber.

fore = futurum esse. moneo, -ere, -ui, -itum, to admonish, exhort; warn. praedico, -ere, -dixi, -dictum, to say in advance, predict; prearrange, order beforehand. quicumque, quaecumque, quodcumque, whosoever, whatsoever.

interrumpo, -ere, -erupi, -ruptum, to make a break in; break off.
obstisto, -ere, -stiti, -stitem, to place oneself in the way, block. excipio, -ere, -cepti, -ceptum, to catch, capture; await, receive. vado, -ere, vadi, vasum, to go. aditus, -us m. approach, access. insignis, -e, distinguished, remarkable. conspectus, -a, -um, visible, seen. Read with terga. cedo, -ere, cessi, cessum, to go, yield. pugna: an ablative of separation. obversus, -a, -um, turned toward. Read with armis (an ablative absolute). comminus adv. hand to hand, at close quarters.
obstupfacio, -ere, -feci, -factum, to astonish.
pudor, -oris m. (sense of) shame, honor. genus, -eris n. birth, descent, family. factum, -i n. feat, deed.
procella, -ae f. tempest; onset. tumultuosus, -a, -um, confused, disturbed.
parumper adv. for a little while. exiguus, -a, -um, small, scanty.
rescindo, -ere, -scindi, -scissum, to tear open; break down. in tutum = in safety. cogo, -ere, coegi, coactum, to force, compel. The subject is Cocles.
trux, trucis f. fierce, savage. minaciter, menacingly. proceres, -um m.pl. chiefs, leaders, nobles.
provoco (1) to call forth; challenge.
increpo (1) to upbraid, reproach. servitia, -orum n.pl. slaves.
immemoris, -e, unmindful, forgetful. alienam = alienam libertatem. oppugno (1) to attack. cunctor, -ari, -atus sum, to delay, hesitate. aliquamdiu adv. for a while.
alis alium . . . circumspectant: “each one looking at the other”. Alius repeated in another case (or with an adverb from the same stem) expresses briefly a double statement.
aces, -ei f. sharp edge, point; battle line. undique adv. from all sides. telum, -i n. missile.
obicio, -ere, -ici, -iectum, to throw against, oppose. scutum, -i n. shield. haereo, -ere, haesi, haesum, to stick to, cling. obstinatus, -a, -um, persistent, stubborn. ingens, -entis, huge. Read with gradu.
obtineo, -ere, -ui, -tentum, to hold fast, occupy. detrudo, -ere, -trusi, -trustum, to drive away, dislodge.
fragor, -oris m. crash, noise. rumpo, -ere, rupi, ruptum, to break. clamor, -oris n. shout, acclamation. alacritas, -atis f. quickness, eagerness, liveliness, cheerfulness.
pavor, -oris m. fear, dread. subitus, -a, -um, sudden. sustineo, -ere, -ui, -tentum, to hold up, sustain, hold back, check.
precor, -ari, -atus sum, to beseech, pray. propitius, -a, -um, favorable, gracious.
desilio, -ere, -ui, to leap down. superincindo, -ere, -i, to fall from above.
inolumnis, -e, safe, unharmed. trano (I) to swim across. audeo, -ere, ausus sum, to dare. A semi-deponent.
famae: partitive genitive. ad posteros: “with posterity”.
fides, -ei f. faith, loyalty; credence. gratus, -a, -um, pleasing. erga + acc. towards, in relation to. statua, -ae f. statue.
comitium, -i n. place of assembly.
circumaro (I) to plow around. studium, -i n. zeal, eagerness. emineo, -ere, -ui, to project, be conspicuous. inopia, -ae f. want, poverty.
unusquisque, unaquaeque, unumquodque, each one, every one. fraudo (I) to deceive, cheat, defraud.
victus, -us m. means of living, food, victuals.