1. Welcome to the fourth annual Capital Certamen. What is the Latin word for fourth? QUARTUS
   Bonus A: What is the Latin word for third? TERTIUS
   Bonus B: For second? SECUNDUS

2. This Certamen is being held at Queen Anne School. How would you say, “the school of Queen Anne” in Latin? LUDUS/SCHOLA REGINAE ANNAE
   Bonus A: In what case is the phrase Reginae Annae? GENITIVE
   Bonus B: Make Reginae Annae genitive plural. REGINARUM ANNARUM

3. One of the words for school in Latin is ludus. But what does ludus mean in the plural? GAMES
   Bonus A: Say in Latin, “We were loving the games.” LUDOS AMABAMUS
   Bonus B: What tense is amabamus? IMPERFECT

4. Translate the relative pronoun in this sentence: “Vacca, quae celeriter currit, mugit.”
   WHO/WHICH
   Bonus A. The Latin verb mugio, mugire means “moo.” What is the present active participle of that verb? MUGIENS
   Bonus B: Translate into English: “Vacca mugiens ad silvam ambulavit.” THE MOOING COW WALKED TO THE FOREST.

5. How many principal parts does a regular verb have? FOUR
   Bonus A: Give all four principal parts of the Latin verb meaning “to fortify.”
   MUNIO, MUNIRE, MUNIVI, MUNITUS
   Bonus B: Do the same for “to praise.”
   LAUDO, LAUDARE, LAUDAVI, LAUDATUS

6. In what conjugations do we find the endings bo, bis, and bit for the future tense? FIRST AND SECOND
   Bonus A: Translate into English: remanebimus. WE WILL REMAIN
   Bonus B: Translate into Latin: They will cry. FLEBUNT/LACRIMABUNT

7. From the head of whom was Athena supposedly born? ZEUS
   Bonus A: Who sprung from the thigh of Zeus? DIONYSUS
   Bonus B: Which Greek goddess was born of the sea foam? APHRODITE

8. At its fall event, the Maryland Junior Classical League held a bagel discus throwing contest. The discus throw was originally part of the ancient Greek Olympics, founded in what Greek city? OLYMPIA
   Bonus A: In what year were the Olympics founded? 776 BC
   Bonus B: In honor of whom were the Olympics held? ZEUS
9. The English word Junior, as in the Maryland Junior Classical League, is also a Latin word. Which degree of the adjective is iunior? COMPARATIVE
   Bonus A: What is one of the other two degrees called? POSITIVE or SUPERLATIVE
   Bonus B: What is the superlative of the phrase celer vacca? CELERRIMA VACCA

10. Which Roman king is most famous for establishing the Roman religion? NUMA POMPILIUS
    Bonus A: Numa also created the office of Pontifex Maximus. What was the Pontifex Maximus? THE CHIEF PRIEST OF ROME
    Bonus B: Which king succeeded Numa? TULLUS HOSTILIUS

11. We all know that Rome had seven hills. On which hill did Remus stand when he saw the sign of vultures? AVENTINE
    Bonus A: Who is Remus’ brother? ROMULUS
    Bonus B: How many vultures did Remus see? SIX

12. Where might one find the apodyterium, palaestra, and frigidarium? THE BATHS
    Bonus A: What was the caldarium? HOT ROOM
    Bonus B: What was the frigidarium? COLD ROOM

13. How did the Romans count laps in a chariot race? USING DOLPHINS AND EGGS
    Bonus A: How many laps was a standard chariot race? SEVEN
    Bonus B: What is the Latin term for a charioteer? AURIGA

14. Complete the following analogy – laudo is to laudavi as ambulatis is to _____. AMBULAVISTIS
    Bonus A: In what tense is the verb ambulavistis? PERFECT
    Bonus B: Make ambulavistis singular. AMBULAVISTI

15. How many declensions are there in Latin? FIVE
    Bonus A: Identify the declension of the Latin noun res. FIFTH
    Bonus B: Identify the declension of the Latin noun virtus. FOURTH

16. Translate the pronoun in the following sentence: Aeneas haec verba dixit. THESE
    Bonus A: What gender is haec verba? NEUTER
    Bonus B: Make haec verba singular. HOC VERBUM

17. From what Latin noun and its English meaning do we derive the word “pacifist”? PAX MEANING PEACE
    Bonus A: Give the gender of pax. FEMININE
    Bonus B: Give the genitive singular of pax. PACIS

18. This is question 18. What is 18 in Latin? DUODEVIGINTI
    Bonus A: Responde Latine. Quot sunt viginti minus duodeviginti? DUO
    Bonus B: Response Latine. Quot sunt decem multiplicatum per tres. TRIGINTA

19. Translate the adverb in this sentence into English. Puella laetissime cenat. VERY HAPPILY
    Bonus A: What degree is the adverb laetissime? SUPERLATIVE
    Bonus B: Make cenat pluperfect. CENAVERAT
20. Which Roman god holds the caduceus? MERCURY
   Bonus A: Which Roman god holds the thyrsos? BACCHUS
   Bonus B: From what Latin word and its English meaning does the object that Neptune holds, the trident, come? DENS MEANING TOOTH
1. Identify the declension of the Latin words spes and facies. FIFTH  
   Bonus A: Identify the declension of the Latin words vox and and carmen. THIRD  
   Bonus B: What is the genitive singular of spes? SPEI

2. What type of pronoun is found in the following sentence, “Pueri, qui discipuli optimi sunt, Latinam amant.” RELATIVE  
   Bonus A: Make the relative pronoun in that sentence singular. QUI  
   Bonus B: Now make it singular and feminine. QUAE

3. Which two lovers were separated from each other by a wall in Babylon? PYRAMUS AND THISBE  
   Bonus A: Who did Apollo love so much that he chased her through the forest until she was turned into a tree? DAPHNE  
   Bonus B: Who is the Roman god of love? CUPID

4. What is the Latin word for a mountain? MONS  
   Bonus A: For the sky? CAELUM  
   Bonus B: For a tree? ARBOR

5. What was the largest group of Roman military organization, comprised of some 5,000 men? LEGION  
   Bonus A: What is the Latin name for the field in Rome on which the Roman military would practice? CAMPUS MARTIUS  
   Bonus B: What is the name of the elite group of soldiers that guarded the emperor? PRAETORIAN GUARD

6. What are the two meanings of the Latin word “insula”? APARTMENT AND ISLAND  
   Bonus A: Most citizens in Rome lived in insulae as opposed to beautiful atrium-style houses. What the Latin root and its English meaning of the word “atrium”? ATER MEANING BLACK  
   Bonus B: The atrium was characterized by a hole in the ceiling. What was this hole called? COMPLUVIUM

7. I am the king of Rome responsible for initiating the first ever Roman census. Who am I? SERVIUS TULLIUS  
   Bonus A: Which king immediately preceded Servius Tullius? TARQUINIUS PRISCUS  
   Bonus B: Who was responsible for plotting Servius Tullius’ death? TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS or TULLIA

8. Say in Latin, “we can.” POSSUMUS  
   Bonus A: What is the infinitive of possumus? POSSE  
   Bonus B: What is the second person plural of possumus? POTESTIS
9. Complete the following analogy. Caeruleus is to blue as ____ is to purple. PURPUREUS
   Bonus A: What is the Latin word for the color of grass? VIRIDIS or PRASINUS
   Bonus B: What is the Latin word for the color of blood? RUBER

10. Who is the mother of Aeneas? VENUS
    Bonus A: To what god was Venus married? VULCAN
    Bonus B: How did Vulcan catch Mars and Venus in a compromising position? USING A NET OF GOLD

11. Which emperor of Rome made his horse a senator? CALIGULA
    Bonus A: A colossal statue of what emperor once stood next to the Colosseum? NERO
    Bonus B: What year was known as the year of the four emperors? 69 AD

12. Responde Latine. Decem multiplicatum per decem. CENTUM
    Bonus A: Responde Latine. Centum multiplicatum per decem. MILLE
    Bonus B: Give one English derivative from mille. MILLIPEDE, MILLENNIUM, etc.

13. Give the vocative of Sextus. SEXTE
    Bonus A: Give the vocative of Cornelius. CORNELI
    Bonus B: Give the vocative of Tullia. TULLIA

14. What case follows the preposition cum? ABLATIVE
    Bonus A: What type of ablative is seen in the following sentence: “Veni cum amicis meis”? ACCOMPANIMENT
    Bonus B: What type of ablative is seen in the following sentence: “Gladiator pugnat gladio.” MEANS OR INSTRUMENT

15. Complete the following analogy. Amat is to amabat as manemus is to _____. MANEBAMUS
    Bonus A: What tense is manebamus? IMPERFECT
    Bonus B: Change manebamus to the singular. MANEBAM

16. Who am I? I burned off my right hand to show loyalty to Rome. MUCIUS SCAEVOLA
    Bonus A: Who am I? I singlehandedly defended the Sublician Bridge. HORATIUS COCLES
    Bonus B: Who am I? I am a famous woman who was traded to King Lars Porsenna in exchange for peace with Rome. I escaped across the river on my horse, only to be returned to Porsenna by the Romans. CLOELIA

17. What tense is the verb muniverant? PLUPERFECT
    Bonus A: Make muniverant future perfect. MUNIVERINT
    Bonus B: Now make it future. MUNIERT

18. What is the infinitive of the irregular verb eo? IRE
    Bonus A: Translate into English, “Ibimus.” WE WILL GO
    Bonus B: Now translate “Ii.” I WENT

19. From what Latin noun and its English meaning does our English word “senile” come? SENEX MEANING OLD MAN
Bonus A: What Latin word means young man? IUVENIS
Bonus B: What Latin word means old woman? ANUS

20. What winged animals are well known for saving Rome by alerting its citizens in the night? GEESE
   Bonus A: Speaking of animals, what are vespertiliones? BATS
   Bonus B: And what are ursi? BEARS
4th ANNUAL CAPITAL CERTAMEN  
Sponsored by the Maryland Senior Classical League

LEVEL II  
ROUND III

1. Using an irregular verb, translate “I wish” into Latin. VOLO  
   Bonus A: Using an irregular verb, translate “I do not wish” into Latin. NOLO  
   Bonus B: Make “nolo” plural. NOLUMUS

2. Complete the following analogy cupimus is to cupiebamus as facit is to ______. FACIEBAT  
   Bonus A: Make faciebat perfect tense. FECIT  
   Bonus B: Make fecit pluperfect tense. FECERAT

3. What is the imperative of dico, dicere? DIC  
   Bonus A: What is the imperative of facio, facere? FAC  
   Bonus B: What is the imperative of duco, ducere? DUC

4. Translate the pronoun in this phrase into Latin, “this girl.” HAEC  
   Bonus A: What is the genitive masculine plural of the demonstrative pronoun hic? HORUM  
   Bonus B: What is the accusative masculine plural of hic? HOS

5. What declension is the noun “imperator”? THIRD  
   Bonus A: Using the noun “imperator,” say in Latin, “I will walk towards the leader.” AMBULABO AD IMPERATOREM  
   Bonus B: Make ambulabo plural. AMBULABIMUS

6. Of what large animals did Hannibal make use on his journey from Carthage to Rome? ELEPHANTS  
   Bonus A: What is the name of Hannibal’s father? HAMILCAR (BARCA)  
   Bonus B: What is the name of Hannibal’s brother? HASDRUBAL (BARCA)

7. What is the name for the series of three wars between Carthage and Rome? PUNIC WARS  
   Bonus A: Of the 2nd century AD, the 3rd century AD, or the 4th century AD, in what century did the 1st Punic War take place? 3rd CENTURY AD  
   Bonus B: It wasn’t until the 20th century AD, hundreds and hundreds of years later, that the governments of Carthage and Rome signed a peace treaty. What is the Latin word for a treaty? FOEDUS

8. Whenever you hear the name of the Roman general Marius, you think of the name of what other Roman general, against whom Marius fought, also a dictator in Rome? SULLA  
   Bonus A: What other Roman dictator returned to his farm peacefully after he had completed his duties? CINCINNATUS  
   Bonus B: Julius Caesar was also the Roman dictator at one point in his career. What is Julius Caesar’s praenomen? GAIUS

9. Which Roman Emperor is famous for seeing the sign of the cross above the battlefield? CONSTANTINE
Bonus A: Constantine moved the capital of the Roman Empire to modern day Turkey. What did he call his new capital? CONSTANTINOPLE
Bonus B: What is the name of Constantinople today? ISTANBUL

10. In what year did the Roman Empire in the West fall? 476 AD
Bonus A: In what year did the Roman Empire in the East fall? 1453 AD
Bonus B: At one point in its history, the Roman Empire was divided into four parts, led by four different emperors. What was this group of four emperors called? TETRARCHY

11. Which god, half-goat and half-man, plays the pipes? PAN
Bonus A: What is the name of the creatures who are half-horse and half-man? CENTAURS
Bonus B: What is the name of the creatures who are half-bird and half-woman? HARPIES

12. Who is the main character of Vergil’s famous epic poem? AENEAS
Bonus A: From what city does Aeneas flee? TROY
Bonus B: Who is Aeneas’ first wife? CREUSA

13. Which mythological character fell in love with his own reflection? NARCISSUS
Bonus A: Who is the maiden who loved Narcissus in vain? ECHO
Bonus B: Into what object does Narcissus turn after he wastes away? FLOWER

14. Complete this mythological pair. Orpheus and ______. EURYDICE
Bonus A: What instrument does Orpheus play? LYRE
Bonus B: To what god does Orpheus appeal? PLUTO

15. Who am I? I am the god who is in love with Hyacinthus. I accidentally killed Hyacinthus with a discus. APOLLO
Bonus A: Who is Apollo’s son who once had a wild ride in the chariot of the sun? PHAETHON
Bonus B: What other young son, once imprisoned on Crete, flew close to the sun? ICARUS

16. What are lares? HOUSEHOLD GODS
Bonus A: Where were the lares kept? LARARIUM / ALAE
Bonus B: What is the name of the figurines of the family’s ancestors? PENATES

17. What is the cursus honorum? THE SERIES OF SUCCESSION OF POLITICAL OFFICES IN ROMAN GOVERNMENT
Bonus A: What is the first office in the cursus honorum? QUAESTOR
Bonus B: What is the last office in the cursus honorum? CONSUL or CENSOR

18. Complete the name of this building – The _____ of Marcellus. THEATRE
Bonus A: What is the difference between a Greek theatre and a Roman theatre? GREEK THEATRES ARE BUILT INTO HILLSIDES, ROMAN THEATRES ARE FREESTANDING
Bonus B: What was the first stone theatre in Rome? THEATRE OF POMPEY
19. Which Roman government official was in charge of the public games? AEDILE
   Bonus A: Which was a judge? PRAETOR
   Bonus B: Who was in charge of the finances? QUAESTOR

20. What is the Latin word for lunch? PRANDIUM
   Bonus A: For dessert? SECUNDA MENSA
   Bonus B: For breakfast? IENTACULUM
1. Welcome to Round Four! What is “four” in Roman numerals? IV
   Bonus A: Now say two thousand eight hundred eighty-eight in Roma numerals. MMDCCCLXXXVIII
   Bonus B: Now say “nine hundred ninety-nine” in Roman numerals. CMXCIX

2. From what Latin verb and its English meaning do we derive the word “vociferous”? FERO/FERRE MEANING TO CARRY/BEAR/ENDURE
   Bonus A: What is the third person singular of the verb fero? FERT
   Bonus B: What is the imperative plural of fero? FERTE

3. What tense is the verb feceramus? PLUPERFECT
   Bonus A: What tense is the verb fecerimus? FUTURE PERFECT
   Bonus B: What tense is the verb fecimus? PERFECT

4. What is an arbor? TREE
   Bonus A: A nubis? CLOUD
   Bonus B: An apis? BEE

5. From what Latin word and its English meaning does the word “coronary” come? COR MEANING HEART
   Bonus A: What is the pectus? CHEST
   Bonus B: What is the auris? EAR

6. Why is the triclinium called the triclinium? BECAUSE THERE WERE THREE COUCHES IN IT
   Bonus A: What is the gustatio? AN APPETIZER
   Bonus B: What is a convivium? BANQUET

7. From what Latin number and its English meaning does the word “septentrional” come? SEPTEM MEANING SEVEN
   Bonus A: What is the Constellation made up of seven sister stars called? PLEIADES
   Bonus B:

8. As one of his labors, Hercules attacked what man-eating animals of Diomedes? MARES/HORSES
   Bonus A: From where was the lion that Hercules killed? NEMEA
   Bonus B: What creature featured in the labors was from Lernea? HYDRA

9. What Roman food is panis? BREAD
   Bonus A: What Roman food is an uva? GRAPE
   Bonus B: What Roman food is bubula? BEEF
10. Translate into English. “Navigaveramus per maria.” WE HAD SAILED THROUGH THE SEAS
   Bonus A: What gender is maria? NEUTER
   Bonus B: What type of 3rd declension noun is mare? I-STEM

11. What television show would the ancient Romans have called Ala Occidentis? THE WEST WING
   Bonus A: What would they have called Viginti Quattuor? TWENTY-FOUR
   Bonus B: What would they have called Lex et Ordo? LAW AND ORDER

12. What is the meaning of the Latin phrase bis in diem? TWICE PER DAY
   Bonus A: What is the meaning of the Latin phrase sic transit gloria mundi? THUS GOES THE GLORY OF THE WORLD
   Bonus B: What is the meaning of the Latin phrase ipso facto? BY THE VERY FACT

13. What profession utilizes the Latin phrase nolo contendere? LEGAL/LAW
   Bonus A: What is the opposite of nolo? VOLO
   Bonus B: How do you say “y’all do not wish” in Latin? NON VULTIS

14. When a Roman general was highly successful, had killed many enemy soldiers, and won many battles, the Senate might vote him a what, which entitled him and his army to march victoriously through Rome? TRIUMPH/POMPA
   Bonus A: What does “Hominem Te Memento” mean? REMEMBER YOU ARE ONLY A MAN
   Bonus B: Who spoke this to the victorious general? A SLAVE

15. What is a malum malum? A BAD APPLE
   Bonus A: In Latin, what is the plural of malum malum? MALA MALA
   Bonus B: What are liberi liberi? FREE CHILDREN

16. Which Greek hero, the King of Ithaca, spent 20 years on a journey to return to his wife? ODYSSEUS
   Bonus A: Who is the wife of Odysseus? PENELLOPE
   Bonus B: Who is the son of Odysseus? TELEMACHUS

17. In Roman mythology, who is said to hold up the earth? ATLAS
   Bonus A: Who briefly took Atlas’ place holding up the earth? HERCULES
   Bonus B: For what king was Hercules performing his labors? EURYSTHEUS

18. Translate the following phrase into English, “illa carmina.” THOSE SONGS
   Bonus A: Make illa carmina singular? ILLUD CARMEN
   Bonus B: Make illud carmen dative plural. ILLIS CARMINIBUS

   Bonus A: What Latin preposition and its meaning is found in the word undeviginti? DE MEANING ABOUT OR DOWN FROM
   Bonus B: What is the Latin word for “fifty”? QUINQUAGINTA
20. Translate into English. Decem horas ambulabamus. WE WERE WALKING FOR TEN HOURS
   
   Bonus A: Say in Latin “for two years.” DUOS ANNOS
   
   Bonus B: What use of the accusative is duos annos? DURATION OF TIME