FOURTH CONJUGATION VERBS

Fourth Conjugation Verbs have the infinitive ending in -ire.

1. Present Tense:

-io	-imus	Thus:	venio	venimus
-is	-itis		venis	venitis
-it	-iunt		venit	veniunt

Note that -i is the characteristic vowel of the fourth conjugation in the present tense, changing to -iu in the 3rd person plural.

2. The Imperfect Tense has regular endings, but with the characteristic -i-:

veniebam	veniebamus		
veniebas	veniebatis		
veniebat	veniebant		

3. The Future Tense also shows the characteristic -i-, as well as the future tense sign -e- as in the 3rd conjugation (instead of the -bi- of the lst and 2d conjugations). Note, however -iam in 1st person singular:

veniam	veniemus
venies	venietis
veniet	venient

4. The Perfect tenses (Perfect, Pluperfect and Future Perfect) are regular, forming normally from the stem of the third principal part. Note the following:

aperio, -ire, aperui, apertum, *to open*audio, -ire, -ivi, -itum, *to hear*nescio, -ire, nescivi, nescitum, *to be ignorant of,*not to know
sentic

sentio, -ire, sensi, sensum, *to feel, know, sense* venio, -ire, veni, ventum, *to come* convenio, -ire, -veni, -ventum, *to meet, assemble* pervenio, -ire, -veni, -ventum, *to arrive*

Thus: Perfect: veni venimus venisti venistis venit venerunt

Pluperfect: veneram veneramus

veneras veneratis venerat venerant

Future Perfect: venero venerimus

veneris veneritis venerit venerint